



Contents

Technical specifications	page 5 /
> Manufacturer's plate	6
Identity sheet	6
> Design category	6
> Characteristics	7
2 Sailing	page 9 /
> Entrance door	10
> Leaving the harbour	10 - 12
> Starting the engines	13 - 14
> Sailing	15 - 16
> Arriving in a harbour	17
Anchorage	17 - 18
Mooring and towing	19
3 Equipments	page 21 /
> Deck	22 - 24
> Hull/saloon	25 - 29
4 Systems	page 31 /
> Steering system	32
> Electricity	33 - 35
> Gas circuit	36
> Water	37 - 45

Manoverboard prevention	
5 and man recovery	page 47 /
6 Fire protection	page 51 /
Preparing the winter season & 7 Handling	page 55 /
> Water circuit	56
Outside	56
> Engines	56
> Preparation	56
Craning	56
8 Maintenance	page 59 /
> Drainage	60
> Running rigging, sheets and ropes	61
> Periodic maintenance chart	62 - 64



Technical Specifications

>	Manufacturer's plate	6
>	Identity sheet	6
>	Design category	6

Characteristics ..

Technical Specifications

MANUFACTURER'S PLATE

FOUNTAINE PAJOT HELIA 44 3345 3345 3400 3655 0607

IDENTITY SHEET

CIN NUMBER	054
BUILDER	FOUNTAINE PAJOT Industrial area 17 290 Aigrefeuille d'Aunis
TYPE OF BOAT	CATAMARAN
SERIES	HÉLIA

DESIGN CATEGORY

DESIGN CATEGORIES	NAVIGATION TYPE	WIND FORCE (BEAUFORT SCALE)	WIND SPEED	WAVE HEIGHT TO TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION
A	Ocean-going	>8 😜	≤ 28 m/s	> 4 m
В	Off the coast	≤ 8 😩	≤ 21 m/s	≤ 4 m
С	Near the coast	≤ 6 💩	≤ 17 m/s	≤ 2 m
D	Protected water	٤ 4	≤ 13 m/s	≤ 0,5 m

Your HÉLIA 44 belongs to the « OCEAN-GOING » category (category A).

nleasure boat of design category A is considered as designed for winds which can Be very careful before going to sea. Fountaine Pajot cannot guarantee the perfect opeof 4metres, excluding exceptional conditions such as thunderstorms, violent storms, tornadoes, etc.) tornadoes and extreme maritime conditions or huge waves.

The navigation ability also depends on the crew's skills. Their physical abilities, the sails. This is why it is important to respect the sail reduction table. condition of the boat and hardware.

exceed force 8 (in the Beaufort scale) and for waves which can exceed a height ration of the boat in exceptional sea conditions (violent storms, hurricanes, cyclones,

The Hélia 44 is a **boat susceptible to capsize** and to stay inverted if there are excessive

CHARACTERISTICS

General

LENGTH (LH)	13,30 m / 43,50 ft
HULL WIDTH (BH)	7,40 m / 24,3 ft
DRAUGHT	1,16 m / 3,8 ft
AIR DRAUGHT	21,65 m / 71 ft
LIGHT DISPLACEMENT	12 837 kg
MAXIMUM LOAD DISPLACEMENT	16 535 kg

The maximum load recommended includes the weight of all members on board, the provisions and personal belongings, all equipment not included in the weight of the light displacement of the boat, the cargo and the all consumable liquids (water, fuel, etc.)

Weight

DESIGNATION	WEIGHT
Fuel weight	400 kg - 470 L
Fresh water weight	750 kg - 750 L
Black and grey water weight	180 kg
Liquids total weight	1330 kg

Surface of sails

MAINSAIL	GENOA	GENAKER (OPTIONAL
$70 \text{ m}^2 / 753,5 \text{ ft}^2$	$45 \text{m}^2 / 484,4 \text{ft}^2$	$86 \text{m}^2 / 925,7 \text{ft}^2$

Inboard engines

BRAND	REFERENCE	POWER	CRUISING RATE	MAX. RATE
Volvo	D2-40	2x40 cv / 2x29,4 kW	1800 rpm	3000 rpm
Volvo	D2-50	2x50 cv / 2x35 kW	2300 rpm	3000 rpm
Yanmar	4JH45CE	2x45 cv / 2x33,1 kW	2200 rpm	3000 rpm
Yanmar	4JH57C	2x57 cv / 2x40,2 kW	2200 rpm	3200 rpm

MAXI DINGHY LENGTH 3,40 r	m
MAX. LOAD PER DAVIT 100 k	g

Electricity

STARBOARD ENGINE/ SERVICE BATTERY PACK	12 V	4 x 150 Ah + 1 x 150 Ah (optional
PORT ENGINE BATTERY PACK	12 V	1 x 50 Ah

Life raft

Dinghy

MAX. LIFE RAFT DIMENSIONS 800 x 530 x 320 cm



4	

>	Entrance doorIU
>	Leaving the harbour10 - 12
>	Starting the engines
>	Sailing
>	Arriving in a harbour
>	Anchorage
>	Mooring and towing

ENTRANCE DOOR

he sliding door used as the entrance door has a locking system in the open position. It is possible to lock it from the inside with a latch on the frame. The locking from the outside is done with a 1/4 turnkey.



LEAVING THE HARBOUR

Close all the hull portholes (safety hatches included), covers, deck hatches and windscreen panels.

The safety hatches are mentioned « NEVER OPEN WHEN SAILING » always respect this warning. Sailing means that the boat is neither anchored, moored or grounded.

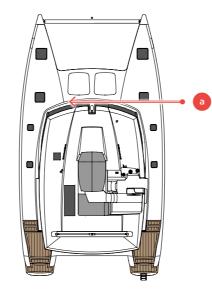
- Unlock all the doors and lockers. Then check that the bilges are empty of 2
- Check that the hatch of the life raft is unlocked and hang outside the security fittings (buoy...). A second life raft can be installed under the helm' stairs.











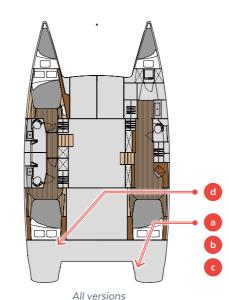


- The fresh water tanks from the front port deck filler.
- **b** The **diesel tanks** from the deck fillers on the starboard aft of the cockpit and on the port aft locker

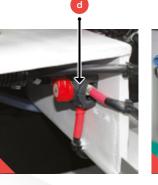


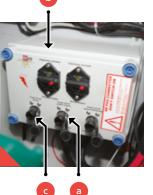


Connect engines circuit breakers (port and starboard engine compartments) and check that the windlass circuit breaker and the service circuit breaker are switched on.



- Starboard battery circuit breaker
- **b** > Windlass circuit breaker
- Service circuit breaker
- d > Port battery circuit breaker



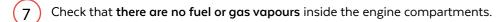




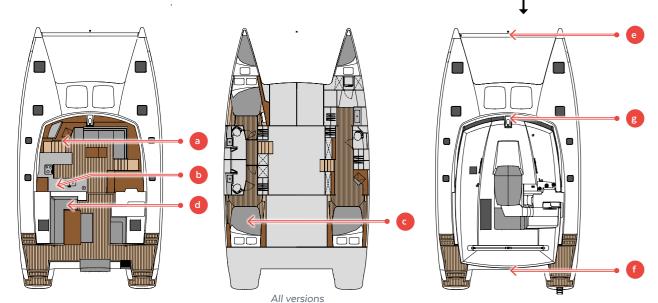


LEAVING THE HARBOUR (NEXT)

Check the water and diesel levels on the dashboard (« Navigation instruments » switch on the electrical panel).



- Switch on the electronic appliances on the electrical panel (a).
- Check that the switch for the bilge pumps, at the electrical panel, is in the position "AUTO".
- Open all gas valves (bottle (d) and appliances (b)).
- Open the diesel tanks valves. Located under the bed frame of the port aft cabin.
- Check the navigation lights work before night sailings: -> Front beam (e) > Fly (f) > Mast (g)
- In strong winds, fix all mobile elements.











- Electrical panel
- **b** → Gas valves
- Diesel valves
- d > Gas locker
- Front beam
- Mast

STARTING THE ENGINES

Volvo engines: EVC System:

- Check the engine and base levels every month. (See paragraph maintenance)
- Check the opening of the seawater intake valve on the engine base in the engine compartments.
- Activate the EVC system by pressing on the ON/OFF button.

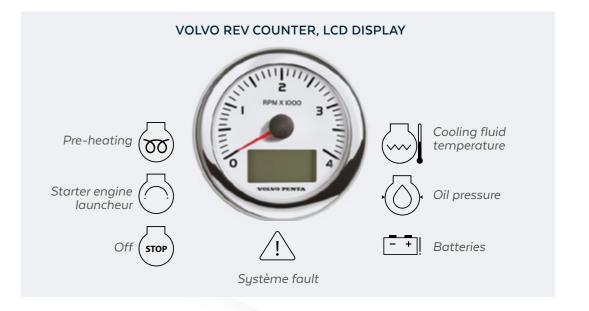






WARNING

The EVC control panel cannot be deactivated if an engine is running.



STARTING THE ENGINES (NEXT)

Common maneuvers to different engines:

Clutch, position the lever 1/2 forward.

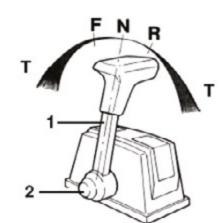
Start by pressing the START button and let the engines run for 5 min at 1000 rpm (reduced speed) to

F : Forward

R: Reverse

1: Lever 2 : Clutching

T : Acceleration

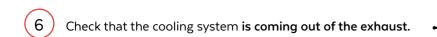


WARNING

- Never activate the motor starter more than ten seconds to start up the
- > Ensure that the ventilation openings are clear.
- > When navigating, the lever must be in neutral position (N)

N : Neutral position

- engines as water may get into the exhaust and damage the engines.
- > Before starting a sails navigation, consult the engine supplier's manual.





SAILING

Sail reduction table according to apparent wind

	Beating and close reaching	Tailwind and broad reaching		Beating and close reaching	Tailwind and broad reaching
MAXIMUM SAIL AREA	0 - 18 knots	0 - 15 knots	MAINSAIL 3 REEF GENOA 1/3	30 - 35 knots	25 - 30 knots
MAINSAIL 1 REEF GENOA 2/3	18 - 25 knots	15 -20 knots	MAINSAIL 3 REEF GENOA 1/5	35 - 40 knots	30 - 35 knots
MAINSAIL 2 REEF GENOA 1/2	25 - 30 knots	20 - 25 knots	MAINSAIL DOWN GENOA 1/10	> 40 knots	> 35 knots

Using the asymmetrical spinnaker or the genaker (optional):

The asymmetrical spinnaker and the genaker are sails that are designed to be used in downwind and apparent wind blow 15 knots.

They must be stored:

- In apparent winds, over 15 knots
- When docked
- When anchored
- When not used whilst sailing

WARNING

Never attach on the front points but on the bowsprit.

SAILING (NEXT)

Reefing

Automatic reef system (reef 1):

Release slightly the mainsail sheet.

Release the mainsail's halyard to lower the tack of the reef 1 at 20cm of the

Haul up the furling line.

Haul up the mainsail's halyard if it is necessary so that the tack point is at 10cm approximatively above the boom.

Classic reef system (reef 2 et 3):

Release the mainsail sheet.

Release the mainsail's halyard.

Strap the tack point.

Haul up the mainsail's halyard.

Haul up the reef.

WARNING

The topping lift must be haul up in order to have an angle between the boom and the mast of 90°max.

For more information, please refer to the drawings:

- DDF_ACC_054_001

- DDF_LDV_ACC_054

- DDF_PIE_054_008

ARRIVING IN A HARBOUR

Turn-off the engines Switch-off the engines by pushing the STOP button, then press the ON/OFF

Disconnect all the functions on the electrical panel.

button to deactivate the system.

(3) Close all the gas supply valves (bottle and appliances).

 $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \end{pmatrix}$ Check that the water has been drained from the bilges.

(5) **Disconnect the battery circuit breaker** when stopped for a long period.

6 Close the diesel tank valves when stopped for a long period.

WARNING

Always let the engines run idle for a few minutes before shutting them down completely.



ANCHORAGE

Start the starboard engines (1500 rpm).

The windlass is controlled using the remote control in the anchor well.

Setting up the anchor

 $\left(\begin{array}{c}1\end{array}\right)$ Unhook the safety hoist.

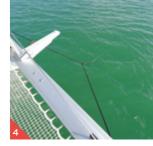
Drop the anchor and chain to a few meters from the final length desired.

Hook the chain to the bridle snap hook available in the anchor well.

Drop the end of the length of chain desired until the anchoring tension is picked up by the bridle







ANCHORAGE (NEXT)

Raising the anchor

Start the starboard engine.

Raise the anchor to the bridle snap hook and undo the snap hook from the

When raising, check that the chain enters the well properly in order to avoid the chain blocking.

Raise the anchorage slowly, checking that the anchor is placed correctly in its

When the anchor is close to the davit, check that the tip moves into the roller in the right direction.

Block the chain by pulling hard on the security hoist: this will jam the anchor on the davit and prevent it to damage davit or hulls.

Clamp the hoist to avoid the anchor moving on the davit.

WARNING

During the operation, stay away from the windlass and the chain and make sure that you protect your hands and feet.

Keep an eye whilst rising the chain in order to not damage the hull.

WARNING

If the force required by the windlass is too important, the breaker is triggered. Reset it to restart the windlass (accessible in the starboard engine compartment).

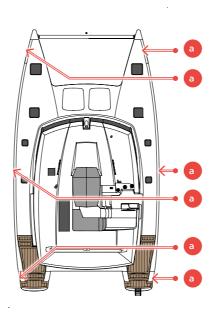
MOORING AND TOWING

For mooring, the anchor points are the 6 cleats (a):

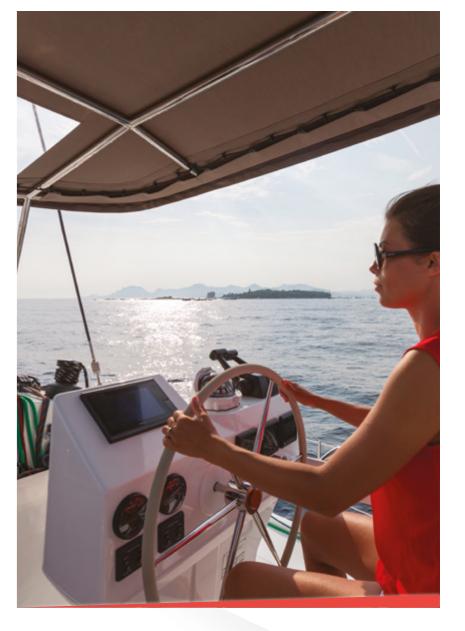
- 2 x front
- 2 x middle
- 2 x aft

The cleats have a resistance of around 6000kg. They are designed for a Ø18 polya-

For towing, use the 2 front cleats to attach a Ø18 polyamide rope like a snap rope.



Mooring cleats









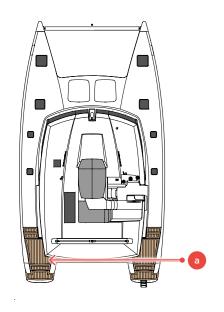
- Deck.....22 24

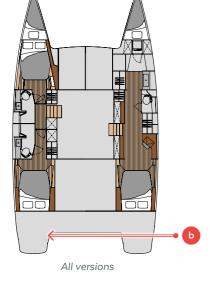
DECK

Deck shower

he deck shower (a) is **located on the port transom**.

It is switched on by two valves (b) and activated by a mixer just beside it.











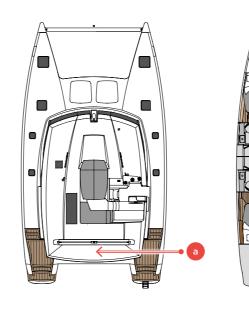
Solar panels (optional)

The boat can be fitted with 4 solar panels (a), fixed behind the mainsail rail, on the

The 12V connection is done on the service battery pack (b). The solar panels are protected by a specific circuit breaker (c).

All versions

For use and maintenance, please refer to the manufacturer's manual.



- a > Solar panels
- **b** > Service battery pack
- Circuit breaker



DECK (NEXT)

Electric winches (optional)

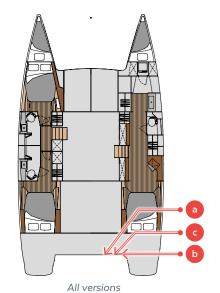
MAINSAIL HALYARD WINCH AND GENOA SHEET WINCH

These winches are connected to the service battery pack and run on the 12V network. The mainsail halyard winch is protected by a 120A circuit breaker and the genoa sheet winch is protected by a 200A circuit breaker.

DAVIT WINCH

This winch is connected to the service battery pack and runs on the 12V network. It is protected by a 120A circuit breaker.

For use and maintenance, please refer to the manufacturer's manual.



- Genoa winch circuit breaker
- b > Mainsail winch circuit breaker
- Davit winch circuit breaker





HULL/SALOON

2-drawer galley refrigerator 190L

heck the service battery pack charge status on the battery controller at the chart table

Turn on the « refrigerator » switch on the electrical panel (f).

Set the cooling thermostat to the temperature required.

The fuse box is located in the aft cupboard of the starboard companionway (e).

For use and maintenance, see the manufacturer's manual.

90L galley freezer or 130L refrigerator (optional)

Turn on the « **refrigerator** » **switch** on the electrical panel. Set the freezer thermostat to the temperature required.

The fuse box is located in the aft cupboard of the port companionway (d).

For use and maintenance, see the manufacturer's manual.

Additional cockpit refrigerator 75L (optional)

This is turned on via the thermostat. Set the refrigerator thermostat to the temperature required.

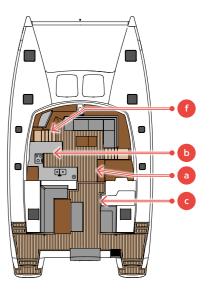
The fuse box is located in the aft cupboard of the starboard companionway (e).

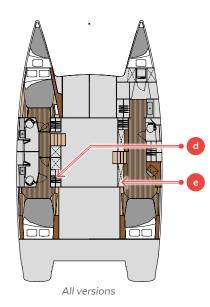
For use and maintenance, see the manufacturer's manual.

WARNING

If the service battery charge level is ≤ 11.7V, the refrigerator switches to safety. Follow these instructions to minimize the 12V energy consumption:

- > Set the refrigerator thermostat to the minimum necessary.
- Minimise door opening.
- > Keep the refrigerator well filled.
- > Defrost the refrigerator regularly.





- Galley refrigerator
- **b** > Galley optional refrigerator / freezer
- Cockpit optional refrigerator
- d > Cockpit (optional) and galley refrigerator fuses
- Galley refrigerator / freezer fuse (optional)
- Electrical panel

HULL/SALOON (NEXT)

Power generator (optional)

The boat can be fitted with a power generator. The power generator is powered with the diesel tank.

The generator runs using a 12V independent battery. The battery is charged by the generator.

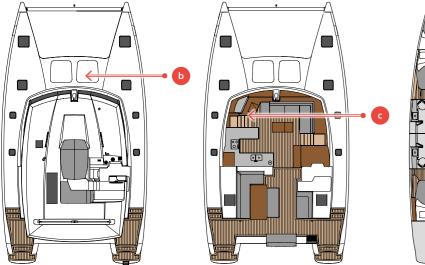
Switch on the generator's switch of the circuit breaker (a) before starting it.

The generator can be started in the fore technical compartment or at the chart table in the saloon beside the electrical panel.

The generator always has priority over the dock line.

The dock/generator switch is selected automatically.

For use and maintenance, see the manufacturer's manual.





For more information, please refer to the drawing DDF_ELC_054_733

WARNING

The power generator must not run empty as it may destroy the pump.

- **b** > Sea water valves
- Power generator
- Control remote

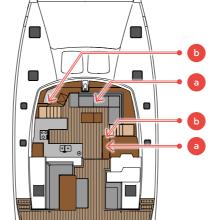


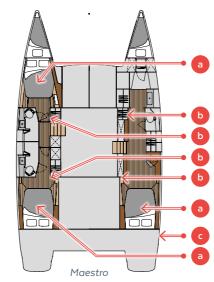
Air conditioning (optional)

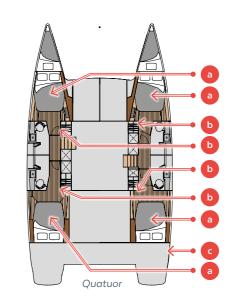
The boat can be fitted with air conditioner. Before getting started, open the sea water valves then check that the boat is connected to the dock or that the power generator is running.

Each station is supplied by a specific line added on the AC network circuit breaker.

For use and maintenance, please refer to the manufacturer's manual.







- Air conditioning station
- **b** > Control panel
- Circuit breakers

WARNING

The air conditioning must not run empty as it may destroy the pumps.

OWNER'S MANUAL / HÉLIA 44 F 27

HULL/SALOON (NEXT)

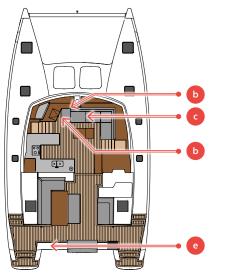
Heating (optional)

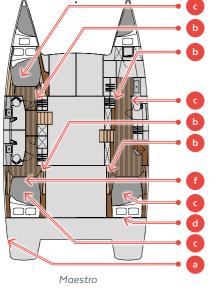
The boat can be fitted with a diesel heating by heat transfer fluid in option. Before getting started, **check the opening of the tank supply valve**.

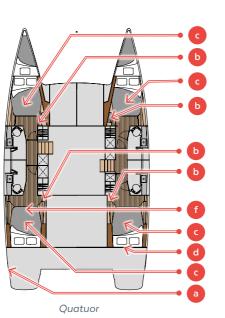
Switch on the heater tank via the switch on the electrical panel.

Each cabin is fitted with a control panel and can manage its heating.

For use and maintenance, please refer to the manufacturer's manual.







- a > Heater tank
- b > Heater control
- Heaters
- d > Heater tank circuit breaker
- Diesel tank deck filler
- Diesel tank

Watermaker (optional)

The boat can be fitted with a watermaker, located in the fore starboard technical compartment.

Depending on the chosen watermaker type (12V or 220V), a specific line supplies the watermaker. This line is connected to the circuit breakers panel (12V or 110V).

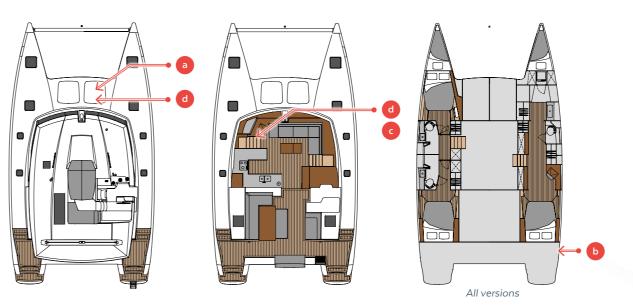
For the 220V watermaker, the power generator must be running.

For use and maintenance, please refer to the manufacturer's manual.

WARNING

Using the watermaker at the harbor may damage filters/membranes.

The watermaker must not run empty as it may destroy the low-pressure



- Watermaker
- b > 220 V circuit breakers panel
- Remote control
- Electrical panel





>	Steering system	52
>	Electricity	33 - 35
>	Gas circuit	36
>	Water	37 - 45

STEERING SYSTEM

- > The steering system is a hydraulic system. Composed with a steering wheel which thanks to the starboard actuator leads a crossbar connecting the both stock arm of the rudder.
- > Periodic check to be performed: Check the slack of the different parts (rudder head, rudder, crossbar) and grease balls joints if necessary.

For using the tiller, release the hydraulic circuit's actuator thanks to the "by-pass" put in ON position. The emergency tiller is secured at the top of the port OR starboard rudder head.

It is only designed for sailing at reduced speed in the event of damaged helm.

For more information, please refer to the drawing DDF_ACC_054_008

Automatic pilot GARMIN (optional): The boat can be fitted with an automatic pilot GARMIN. The pilot fuse is located in the management box in the starboard engine compartment. The fuse of the control screen at the chart table is located under the saloon bench and the fuse of the control screen of the helm station is located in the aft cupboard of the starboard companionway.



WARNING

The emergency tiller is stored in a locker and must be easy accessible in all conditions.



ELECTRICITY

12V DC engines network

The on-board power is produced by the engine alternators (115Ah) and stored by 12V DC batteries.

The batteries are separated into 2 separate packs:

- > Starboard engine/service battery pack = 4 x 150 Ah + 1 x 150 Ah (optional)
- > Port engine battery pack = 1 x 50 Ah

The port engine battery powers:

The port engine only.

The starboard engine battery pack powers:

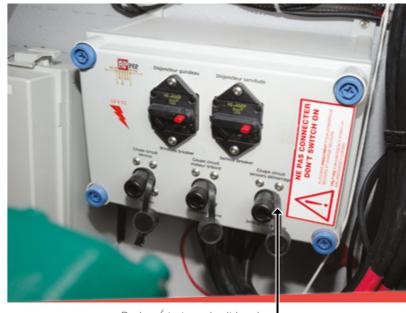
- > The starboard engine.
- > All the 12V functions on the electrical panel.

The 3 fuses panels are positioned as follows:

- > 1 under the saloon bench
- > 1 in the aft cupboard of the port companionway
-) I in the aft cupboard of the starboard companionway

The content of each box is detailed on the lid.

For more information, please refer to the drawing DDF_ELC_054_733



Backup/start-up circuit breaker

WARNING

Battery coupling:

- The coupling between the service battery pack and the engine battery is triggered when the voltage on one of the packs exceeds 13,2V.
- The coupling is maintained until the pack voltage falls below 12,8V.
- When the voltage is below 12,8V, the coupling is interrupted and the engine battery is then isolated from the starboard service battery pack
- The BACKUP/START-UP circuit breaker (for right) permits the coupling of the battery packs. If one of the engines doesn't start, switch on the circuit breaker. When the engine is running, switch off directly the circuit breaker.



ELECTRICITY (NEXT)

220V /110V AC network (optional)

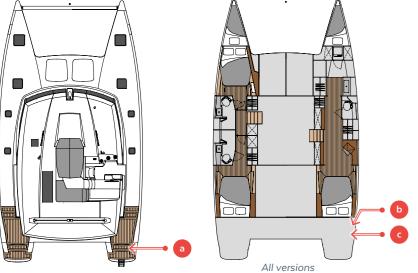
The 220V or 110V AC network is powered by:

- Either a dock extension
- Either a power generator (optional)

The switching choice is automatic. The whole network is protected by a 30mA differential circuit breaker. Each function is protected by a specific circuit breaker.

Connection of the dock extension:

- Check the cable's condition. If the cable is damaged, replace it with an identical cable.
- Connect the dock extension by rolling it out fully or start the power generator.
- Check that the current is flowing using the light indicator on the 220V unit (or 110V depending on the chosen option).
- Switch on the differential circuit breaker and the circuit breaker(s) for the function required.





WARNING

Never connect an extension with a damp plug.

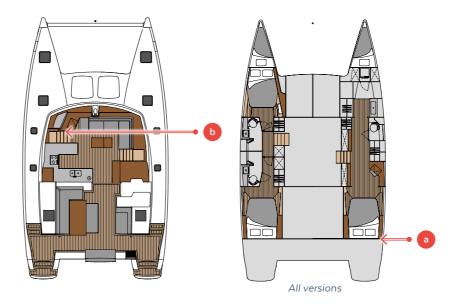
- a > Dock line
- b > 220 V circuit breakers panel
- > 110 V circuit breakers panel (depending on the chosen option)

Inverter charger 12V/220V or 12V/110V (optional)

The boat can be fitted with an inverter charger.

This inverter charger is powered with 12V by a service battery pack and protected by a circuit breakers panel.

For use and maintenance, refer to the manufacturer's manual



- Inverter charger
- D > Panel control



WARNING

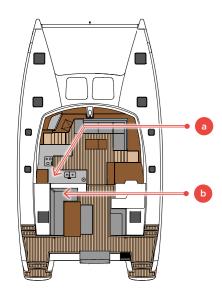
During a long stop, put the loader on OFF mode on the chart table next to the electric panel.



GAS CIRCUIT

Open the pressure reducer shut-off valve (pressure reducer not supplied) attached directly to the gas bottle.

Open the shut-off valves of appliances (a) to used. They are located in the kitchen cupboard, right, under the sink (valves open in the direction of the pipe).









Gas leak detector

ach gas appliance has a safety system. To switch on, hold the button down. A gas leak detector is installed in the gas locker.

When all valves are shut-off, push on the top of the detector (as on the scheme), if bubbles appear, there is a leak in the gas circuit.







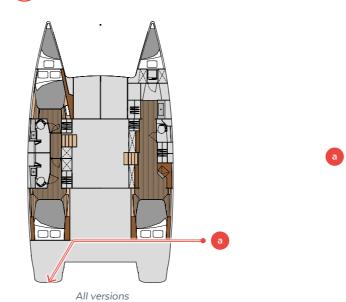
WARNING

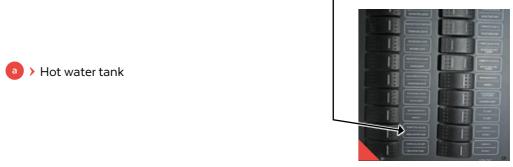
- > The bottles are butane.
- > Ventilate well when using the cooking hob.

WATER

Fresh water circuit

- Open circuit's main valve for the tanks to supply the water circuit (accessible in the fore cupboard of the port companionway).
- Check that the hot water tank supply valve (a) is open at all times.
- Switch on the fresh water pump function on the electrical panel. —









For more information, please refer to drawings DDF_PLB_054_803 and DDF_PLB_054_801.

WARNING

The hot water tank must not run empty

For more information, please refer to the drawing DDF_PLB_054_870

WATER (NEXT)

Sea water circuit (optional)

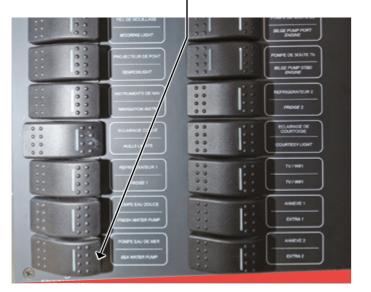
The boat can be fitted with an optional sea water circuit which supplies the kitchen sink and the anchor well with sea water.

Process:

- Open the sea water intake valve located at the bottom of the port staircase. (the floor hatches open using suction cups.)
- Switch on the sea water pump function on the electrical panel at the chart table.







Using the toilets

The toilets are fitted with a holding tank.

MANUAL WC

- The evacuation valve must be closed while in the harbour.
- Check that the sea water intake valves are opened (the floor hatches open using suction cups).
- $\left(\ 3 \ \right)$ Set the WC lever into « water intake » position.
- (4) Pump at least 10 times to flush and dilute the black water.
- (5) Set the WC lever into « flushing » position.
- 6 Pump a few times to empty the bowl completely.
- Repeat the operation at least twice.







2 Seawater intake valve



5 WC lever into position « water intake »



3 WC lever into position « flushing »

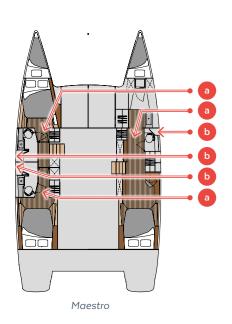
WATER (NEXT)

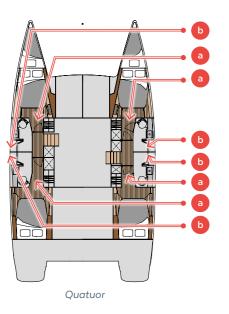
SEA WATER SUPPLY

1 valve (a) in each toilet located under staircase floor.

EVACUATION

1 evacuation valve (b) per bathroom, accessible by the hatches located in each shower.



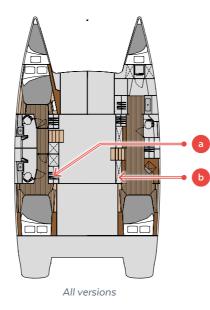


- Seawater intake valves
- **b** > Evacuation valves

ELECTRICAL WC (OPTIONAL)

The boat can be fitted with electrical WC. These WC are protected by a 25 A circuit breaker. The starting-up is initiated by a switch beside each toilets.

For more information, please refer to drawings DDF_PLB_054_803 or (depending to the layout version) DDF_PLB_054_801 et DDF_ELC_054_733



- Port toilets fuses box
- **b** > Starboard toilets fuses box



WARNING

Do not throw anything in the WC as it may block the check valves.

WATER (NEXT)

Using the holding tank

The black waters are stored into a holding tank.

Each WC is connected to its own holding tank.

DRAIN THE HOLDING TANK REGULARLY:

In High sea

By evacuating the black water into the sea: open the evacuation valve.

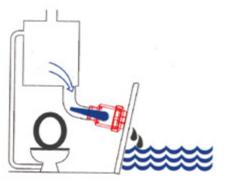
When docked:

By pumping the "waste" deck fillers.

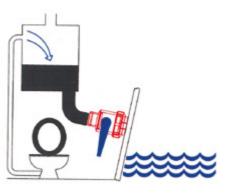
For more information, please refer to the drawing DDF_PLB_054_805

WARNING

Never force the pump. Storage capacity: 45L.



OFFSHORE SAILING DRAINING HOLDING TANK OPENED



HARBORS AND MOORINGS CLEAN HOLDING TANK CLOSED

Shower drainage

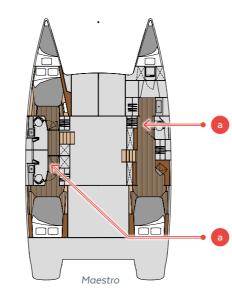
ach hull is fitted with a lift pump.

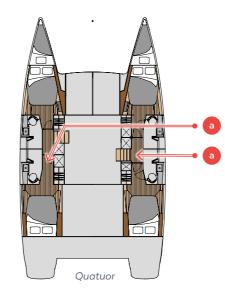
These pumps are protected by a 10A circuit breaker.

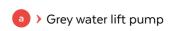
The shower drains automatically. The grey water is stored in a tank under the staircase floors which evacuates directly into the sea.

The necessary cleaning of these tanks and their sensors is done thanks to a screwed hatch.

For more information, please refer to drawings DDF_PLB_054_803 or (depending to the layout version) DDF_PLB_054_801 and DDF_ELC_054_733









WATER (NEXT)

Sink evacuation

1 drain valve per sink, accessible by a hatch beside the toilets.

The bathrooms sink drains directly out to the sea.

For more information, please refer to drawings DDF_PLB_054_801 or (depending to the layout version) DDF_PLB_054_803.

Bilge pumping

MANUAL BILGE PUMP (STORED IN THE COCKPIT LOCKER)

The manual pump is located on the front of the starboard cockpit bench. A pipe Check operation before navigation. connected inside the locker must be unrolled in order to drain the desired areas. When The boat is fitted with 4 electric bilge pumps with an automatic trigger: the pipe is connected to the desired strainer, pumping can be done by using the manual pump. (See diagram p45)

For more information, please refer to drawing DDF_PLB_054_806

ELECTRICAL BOAT PUMP

-) 1 per engine compartment
- > 1 per hull

Activate the switch on the electrical panel (2 possible positions):

1 / AUTO position:

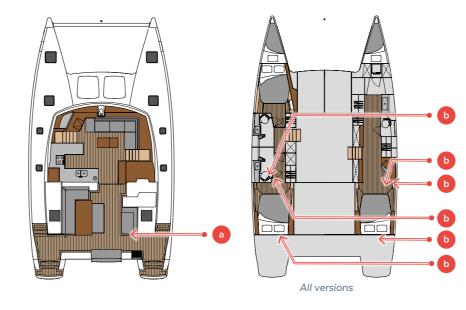
The bilge pumps are triggered automatically if any water gets in and their operation is indicated by an alarm. In this position, the pumps can start even if the circuit-breakers are open.

2 / FORCED RUN position:

The bilge pumps are triggered manually by activating the switch on the electrical panel.

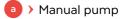
Set the switch back into AUTO position when draining is completed. (See diagram p45)

Bilge pumps diagram





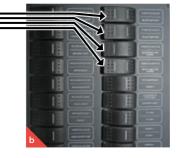
















Manoverboard prevention and man recovery

hile navigating, it is recommended to move around only in the deck areas designed for this purpose. These areas (sidewalks, cockpit, roof, mast step, etc.) are covered with an antiskid surface or teak covering which allows the crew to move on the boat in a secure way.

It is also recommended, according to sea or wind conditions, to wear safety harnesses and use the various securing points on the deck that are mentioned in the deck drawing DDF_ACC_054_019 available in annex.

The HELIA is fitted with a stern ladder designed to allow a person to climb back on board.





Fire protection



Fire protection

ire extinguishers are subject to national regulations; therefore, they are not supplied with the boat.

While in use, the boat must be fitted with portable extinguishers.

For more information, please refer to drawings DDF_AME_054_018 or (depending to the layout version) DDF_AME_054_022.

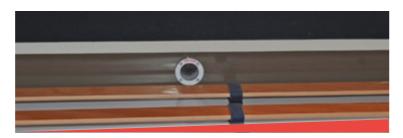
WARNING

If you choose to install a carbon dioxide extinguisher, it can only be installed in areas with powered up electrical equipment (for example electrical engines, battery compartment, electrical panels, etc.) or flammable liquids (like in the galley).

Only compatible replacement parts should be used for the fire protection system. They must have the same indications and be technically equivalent.

The engine compartment's fire extinguisher outlets are situated at the bed heads in the two rear cabins (behind the mattresses).

In order to access this outlet, it is necessary to move the mattress. Then punch through the outlet with the fire extinguisher's hose and trigger the extinguisher according to the manufacturer's instructions.





Fire extinguisher outlet port engine compartment

Fire extinguisher outlet starboard engine compartment

Preparing the winter season & Handling

>	Water circuit	56
>	Outside	56
>	Engines	56
>	Preparation	56
>	Craning	56

Preparing the winter season & Handling

PREPARING THE WINTER SEASON

WATER CIRCUIT

- **Empty all water circuits** and protect the boat from the rain.
- > Check that the batteries are fully charged.
- **Drain fresh water and waste** tanks and the water heater in order to prevent frost and pollution problems.
- > Should the waste tank not be used for more than a month, drain it, rinse it, and fill it with fresh water and antibacterial product.

OUTSIDE

- > Drain the deck shower.
- > Rinse the hull and deck thoroughly.
- > Prevent rubbing of ropes and moorings.

ENGINES

- > To protect the engines, please refer to the manufacturer's recommendation.
- The wintering of the engines must be carried out by a professional.
- > Depending on the location of the boat (on land or afloat) wintering is different.

HANDLING

PREPARATION

For more information, please refer to drawing DDF_ACC_054_012.

CRANING

During the craning, check that the straps are neither located on any equipment (sounder, speedo...) nore on the propellers.

WARNING

For any craning operation, call on a professional crane operation.

Never park under the boat.

Masting and bringing down the mast must be carried out by a professional.



Maintenance



		$\overline{}$	
Drainage	b	U	

- > Running rigging, sheets and ropes......61
- Periodic maintenance chart......62 64

DRAINAGE

DATE	SAILING TIMES	FILTER CHANGE

RUNNING RIGGING, SHEETS AND ROPES

NAME	QUALITY	DIAMETER IN MM	LENGHT IN M
Mainsail halyard	Polyester 24fx, Polyester/Pentex braided core 12/16fx	12	60,5
Genoa halyard	Polyester 24fx, Polyester/Pentex braided core 12/16fx	12	36
Genaker halyard	Polyester 24fx, Polyester/Pentex braided core 12/16fx	12	42
Reef 1	Polyester 24fx, Polyester braided core 12/16fx	12	23
Reef 2	Polyester 24fx, Polyester braided core 12/16fx	12	30
Reef 3	Polyester 24fx, Polyester braided core 12/16fx	12	33
Lazy 1	Polyester 16fx, polyester core //	6	25
Lazy 2	Polyester 16fx, polyester core //	6	7
Topping lift	Polyester 16fx, polyester core //	10	42
Mainsail sheet	Polyester 24fx, Polyester braided core 12/16fx	14	32
Mainsail traveller	Polyester 16fx, polyester core //	10	38
Port genoa sheet	Polyester 24fx, Polyester braided core 12/16fx	14	16
Starboard genoa sheet	Polyester 24fx, Polyester braided core 12/16fx	14	12
Winder davit	Polyester 16fx, polyester core //	10	28
Lashing clew	Polyester 24fx, Polyester braided core 12/16fx	12	16,5

MAINTENANCE

ANNUALY IN USE

AFTER USE

AFTER USE

ANNUALY

Deck/Deck fittings/Hulls

	MAINTENANCE
Carreening and antifouling, rudder's checking	ANNUALY
Cleaning stainless steel parts	MONTHLY
Cleaning the hulls	QUARTERLY
Cleaning the teck and checking the seals	MONTHLY
Disassembling, cleaning and greasing the winches	QUARTERLY
Rinsing/greasing sliding doors and hatches	QUARTERLY
Check structural partitions and ring frames	ANNUALY
Check the tightening of mooring cleats	In the first 3 months then ANNUALY

Saddlery and protection

Check pillows and canvases fixing

Drying outer saddlery before storage

Check the full length of the shroud's sheaths

Cleaning outer canvases

Cleaning plastic windows

	MAINTENANCE
nd antifouling, rudder's checking	ANNUALY
inless steel parts	MONTHLY
hulls	QUARTERLY
teck and checking the seals	MONTHLY
ng, cleaning and greasing the	QUARTERLY
esing sliding doors and hatches	QUARTERLY
tural partitions and ring frames	ANNUALY
ghtening of mooring cleats	In the first 3 months then ANNUALY

Running rigging, sheets and ropes

	MAINTENANCE		MAINTENANCE
Maintenance of the mainsail rail and trolleys	MONTHLY	Check the running rigging (wear points)	IN USE/QUARTERLY
Check tips of arrow bars	ANNUALY	Cleaning – rinsing the running rigging	ANNUALY
Check and greasing pulleys	MONTHLY	Check and rinsing of sails	IN USE
Check ends of halyards	ANNUALY	Complete check of the rigging	ANNUALY
Check the turnbuckles and crimping of shrouds	ANNUALY	Check the blocking of the mainsail's shackle	ANNUALY
Check shackles and blockers	IN USE/QUARTERLY	Check and tightening gardrails	QUARTERLY

WARNING

Never use the mainsail's halyard but the lift's halyard for climbing the mast.

Anchorage / windlass

	MAINTENANCE	
Check the brake system and windlass sprocket	IN USE	
Fresh water rinsing of the anchorage line and the anchor well	AFTER USE	
Check the anchorage lights	IN USE	
Check the mooring line and fenders	IN USE	
Check the windlass relay and electrical connections	ANNUALY	
Check the tightening of windlass	BI-ANNUALY	
Check the davit	ANNUALY	
Check the chain swivel	QUARTERLY	
Reverse the chain	QUARTERLY	

Refrigeration system

	MAINTENANCE
Defrost refrigerators and freezers	IN USE
Check door seals	QUARTERLY

Engines

	MAINTENANCE
Check fluid levels (oil, cooling)	IN USE
Clean sea water filters	MONTHLY
Check fuel filters - decanters	IN USE
Check tensions and the belts' condition	IN USE
Check hull anodes, engine bases and propellers	MONTHLY
Complete check	SEE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS

Steering system

	MAINTENANCE
Greasing of steering system	QUARTERLY
Check rudder bearings	ANNUALY
Check the oil level of autopilot	MONTHLY
Change the autopilot oil	SEE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS

Electricity

	MAINTENANCE
Check/tightening/greasing cable lugs and power connectors	QUARTERLY
Check navigation lights and outdoor lighting	IN USE/IN THE BEGINNING
Clean of speedo - sounder- loch	MONTHLY

Power generator (optional)

	MAINTENANCE
Clean sea water filters	MONTHLY
Check fluid levels (oil, cooling)	IN USE
Check belts	IN USE
Check leaks and fumes	IN USE
General check by manufacturer	SEE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS

Maintenance

Air conditioning (optional)

	MAINTENANCE
Clean suction strainers	IN USE
Clean sea water filters	MONTHLY
Check function pressures	IN USE
Clean condensers' collecting tanks	QUARTERLY
Check AC compressors	SEE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS

Water maker (optional)

	MAINTENANCE
Check leaks and water quality	IN USE
Check sea water suction filters	MONTHLY
General check by manufacturer	SEE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS
Clean suction strainers	ANNUALY

Plumbing

	MAINTENANCE
Test electrical and manual bilge pumps	IN THE BEGINNING/IN USE
Check water groups under pressure (leaks)	MONTHLY
Clean grey water collecting tanks' filters and suction strainers	IN THE BEGINNING/MONTHLY
Check/handling/greasing of ¼ turn valves	MONTHLY
Clean grey water collecting tanks' sensors	QUARTERLY
Rince black and grey water tanks	QUARTERLY
Clean suction strainers	MONTHLY
Check water heaters	SEE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS



Share your emotions